

Spring Hill Sewer Separation

Community Meeting – Design Overview and Streetscape Workshop

Mayor Joseph A. Curtatone

Councilor Ben Ewen-Campen

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Feb 3rd, 2020



Introduction

What we're covering tonight

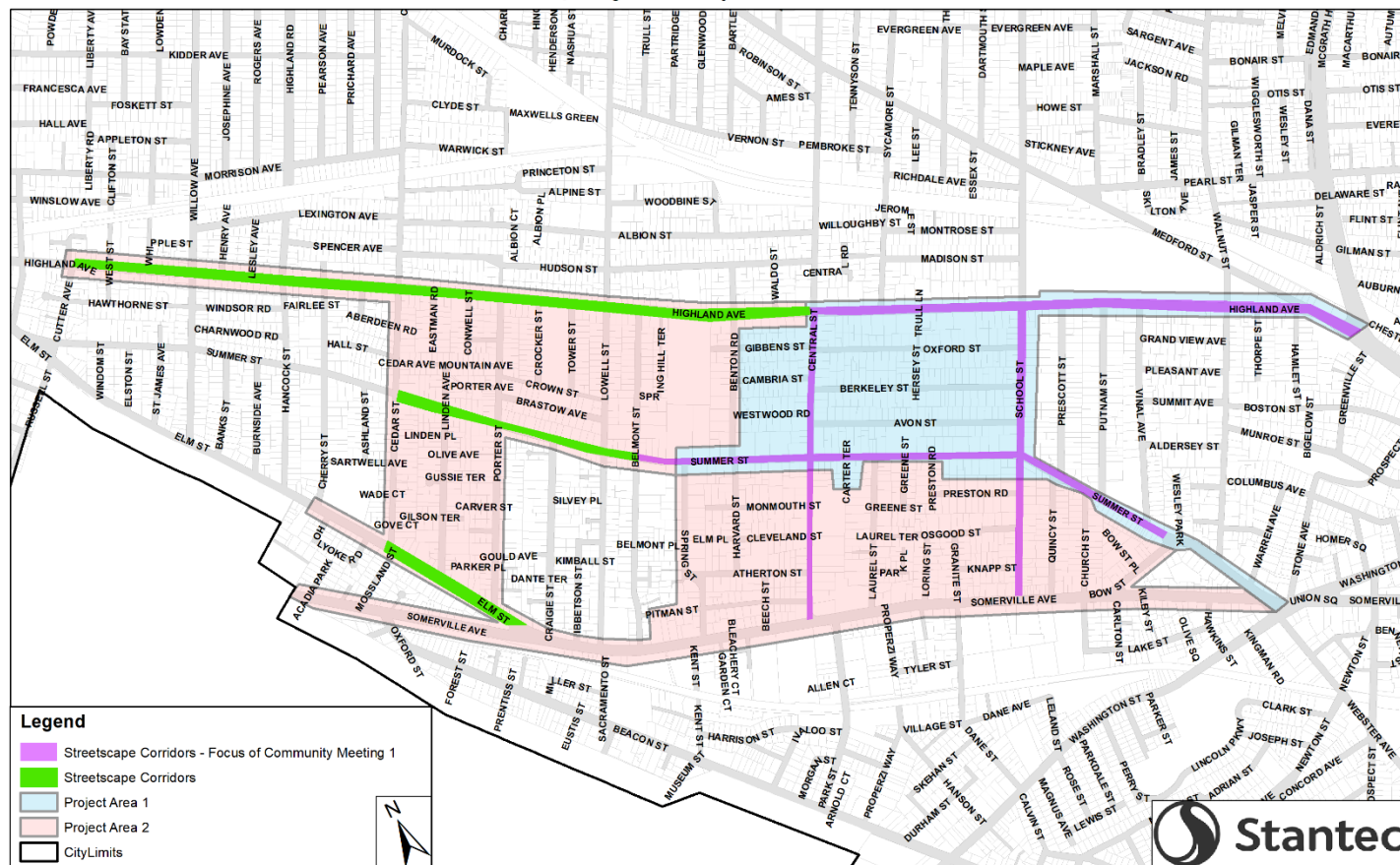
- Introductions
- Project overview
- Streetscape improvements
- Breakout activity
 - Central St (Somerville Ave to Highland Ave)
 - Highland Avenue (Central St to McGrath Hwy)
 - School Street (Somerville Ave to Highland Ave)
 - Summer Street (Belmont St to Bow St)
 - Sewer separation and infrastructure upgrades

Project Guiding Principles and Goals

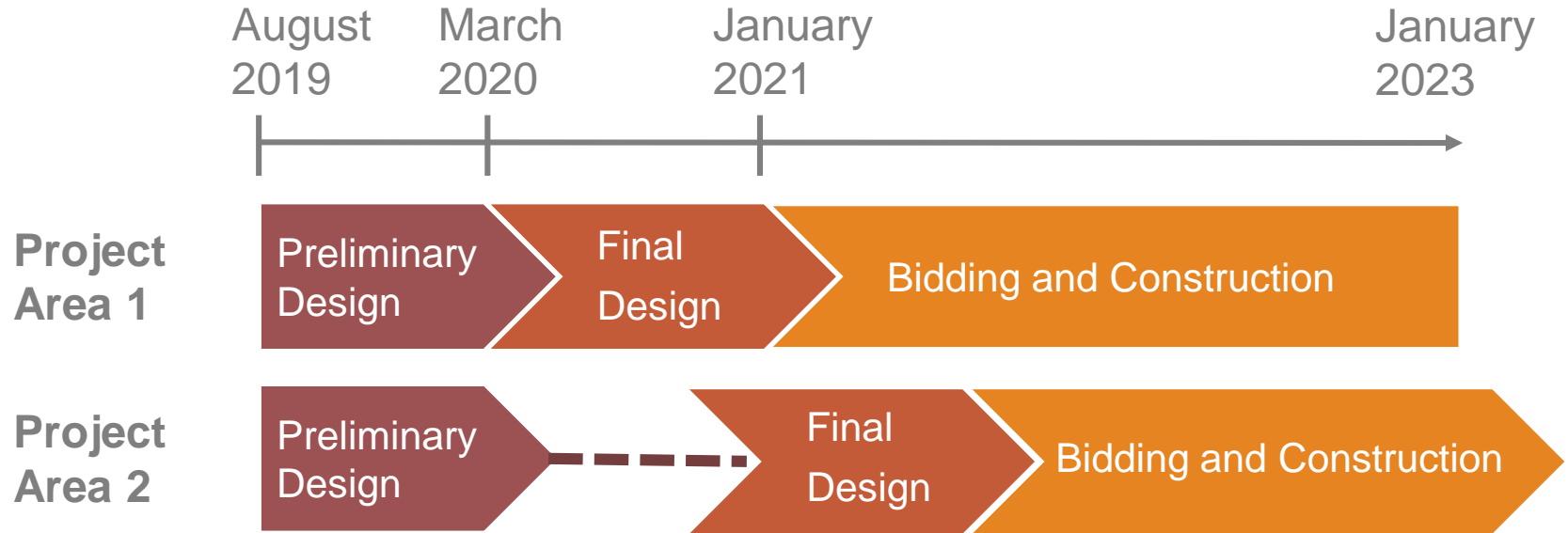


Project Limits

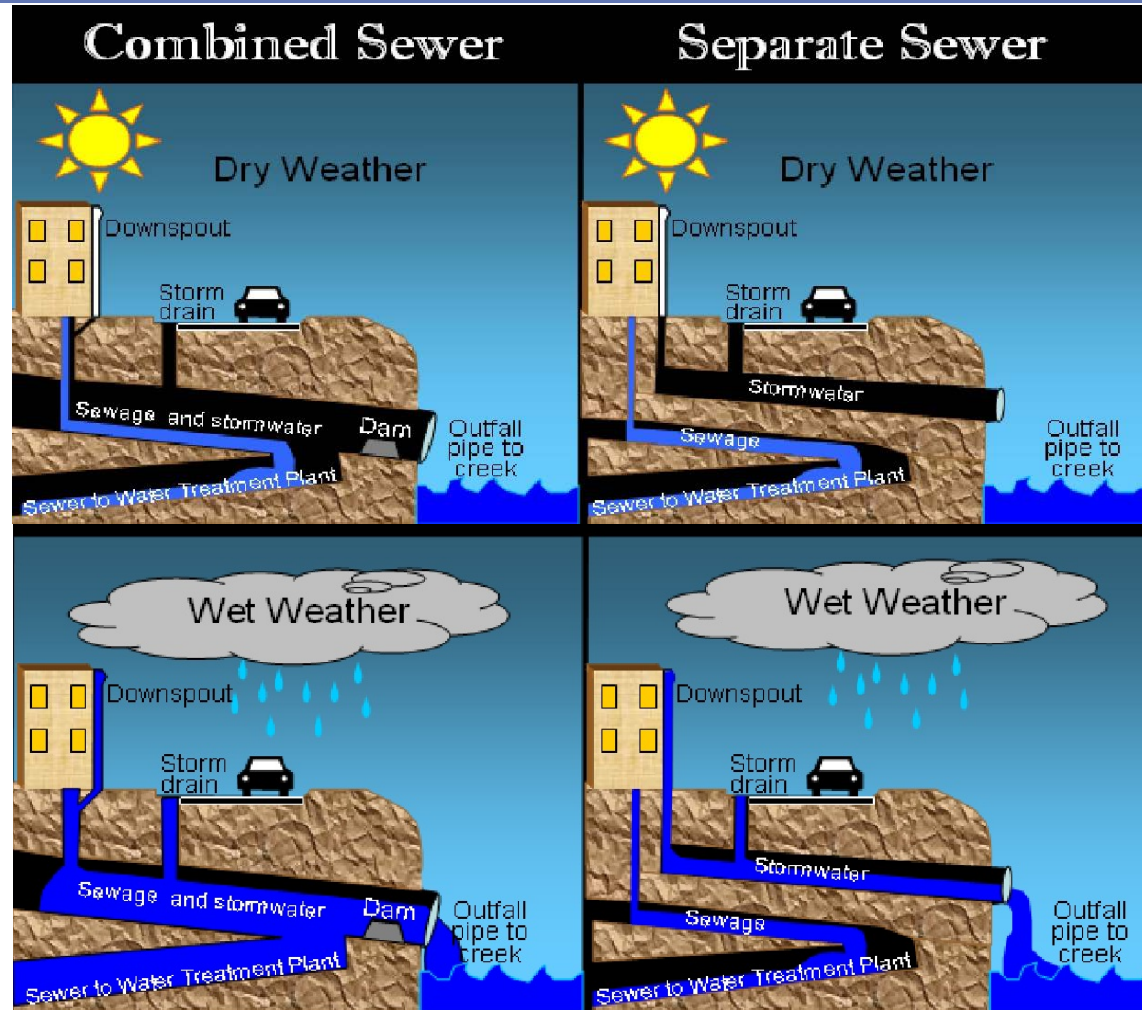
Spring Hill Project Areas



Schedule



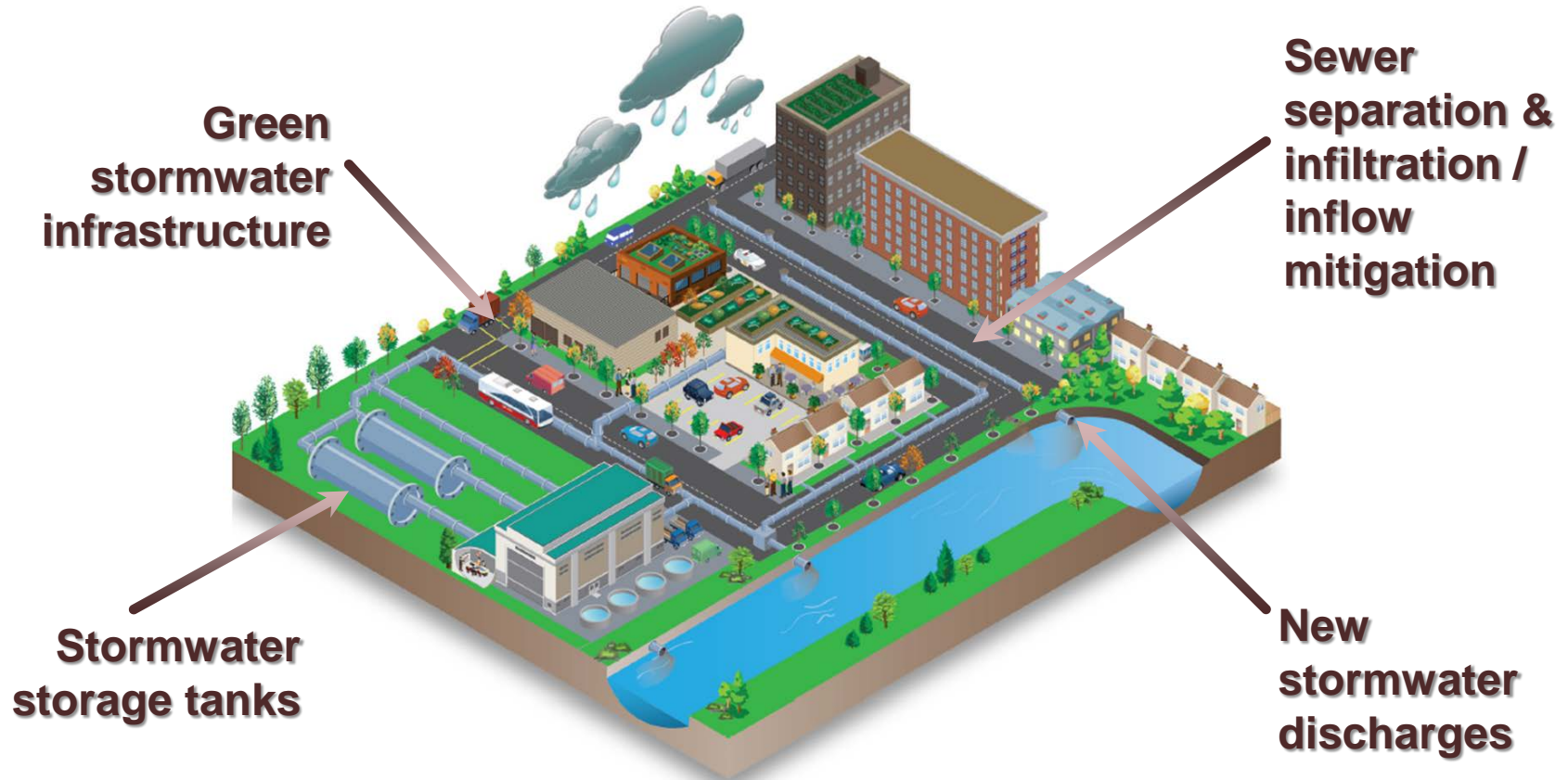
Storm drains, sanitary sewers and combined systems



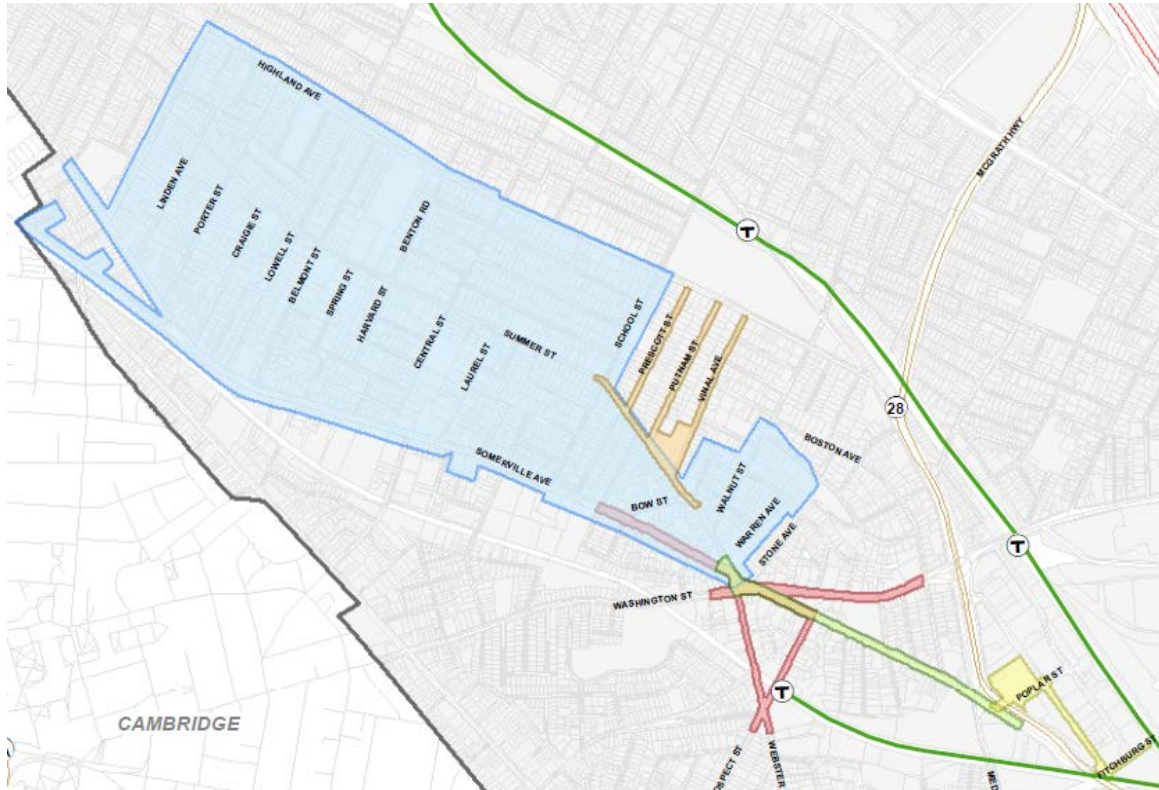
Solving existing system deficiencies



Requires suite of targeted control measures



Union Square Program locus



- Somerville Ave Utility & Streetscape Improvements (Multiple Types)
- Nunziato Stormwater Storage (Sewer)
- Poplar Street Stormwater Pump Station (Sewer)
- Spring Hill Sewer Separation (Sewer)
- Union Square Streetscape & Plaza (Streetscape)

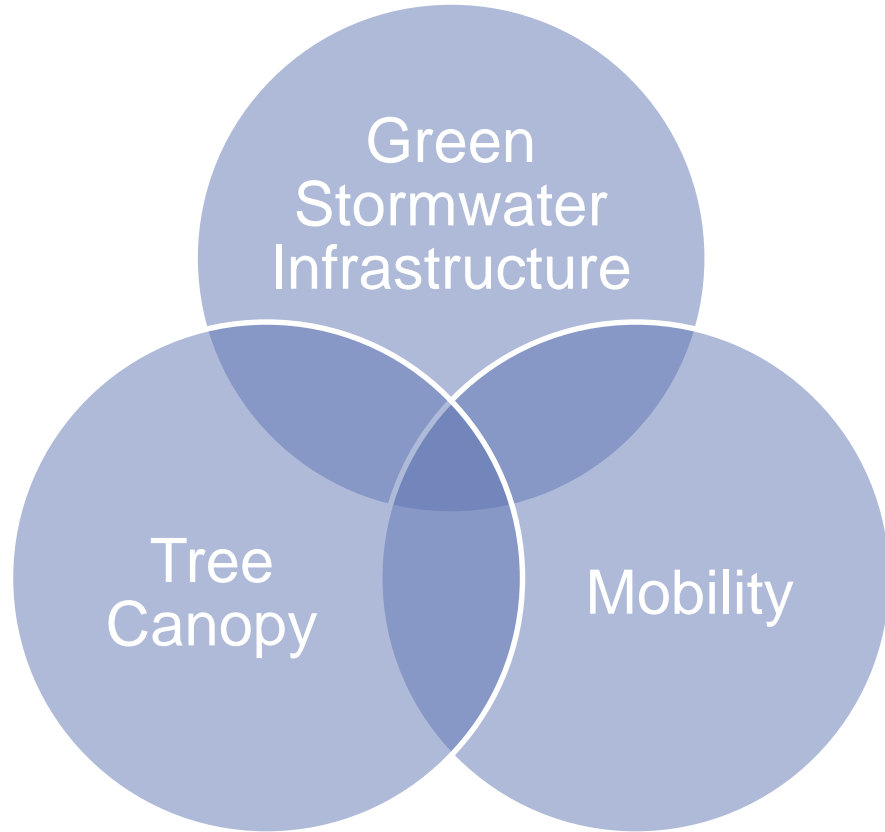
Redesigning the sub surface

- Sewer rehabilitation (separation and conveyance benefits)
- Water main upgrades
- Coordination with gas main, other utility upgrades



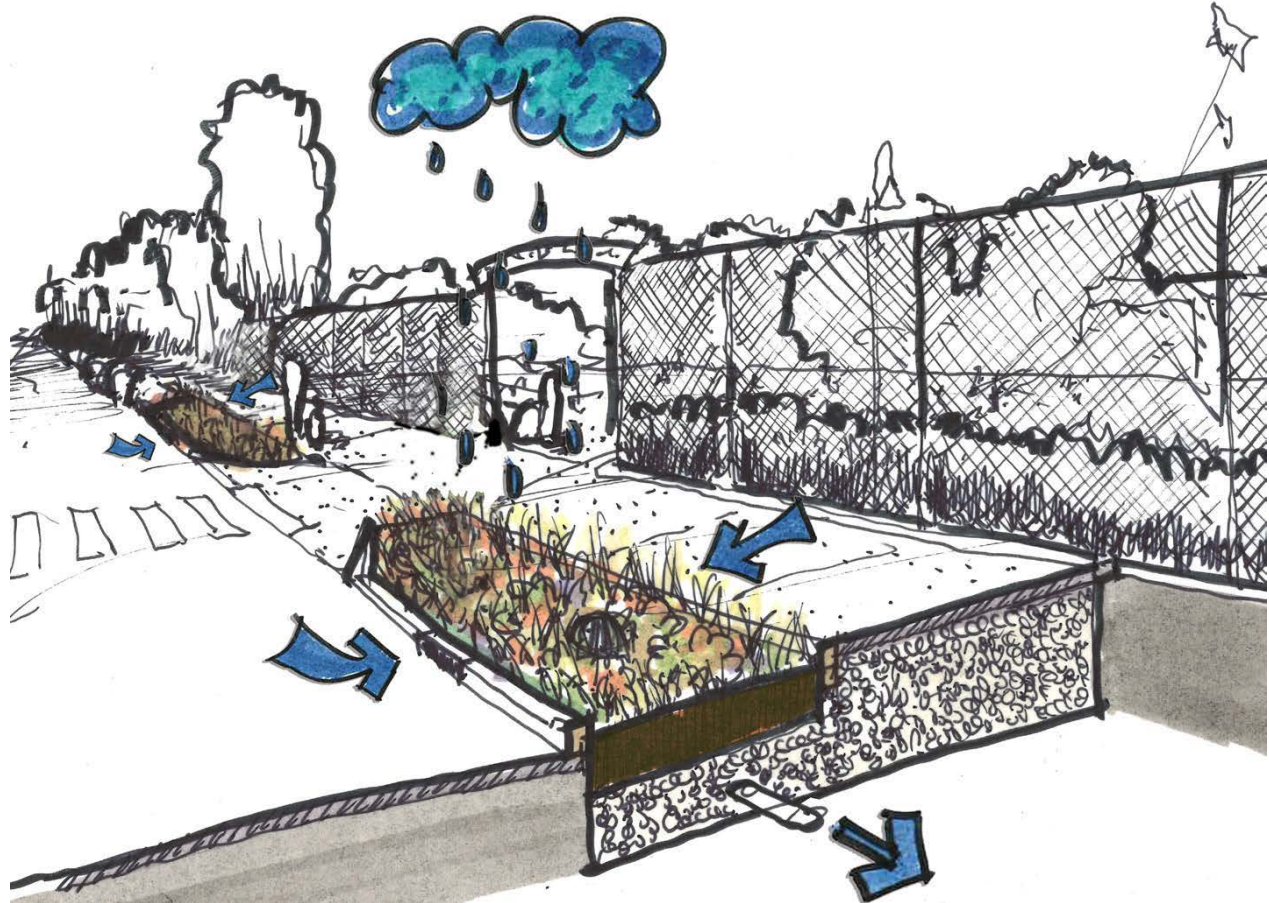
Streetscape Improvements

Streetscape Factors



Green Stormwater Infrastructure (GSI)

- Definition
- City Goals
- Co-benefits



Stormwater Planter

- Benefits
- Design Considerations
- Installation and Cost



City of Portland



Philadelphia Water Department

Bumpout/ Curb Extension



Philadelphia Water Department



Arlington, MA



Cambridge, MA

Tree Canopy

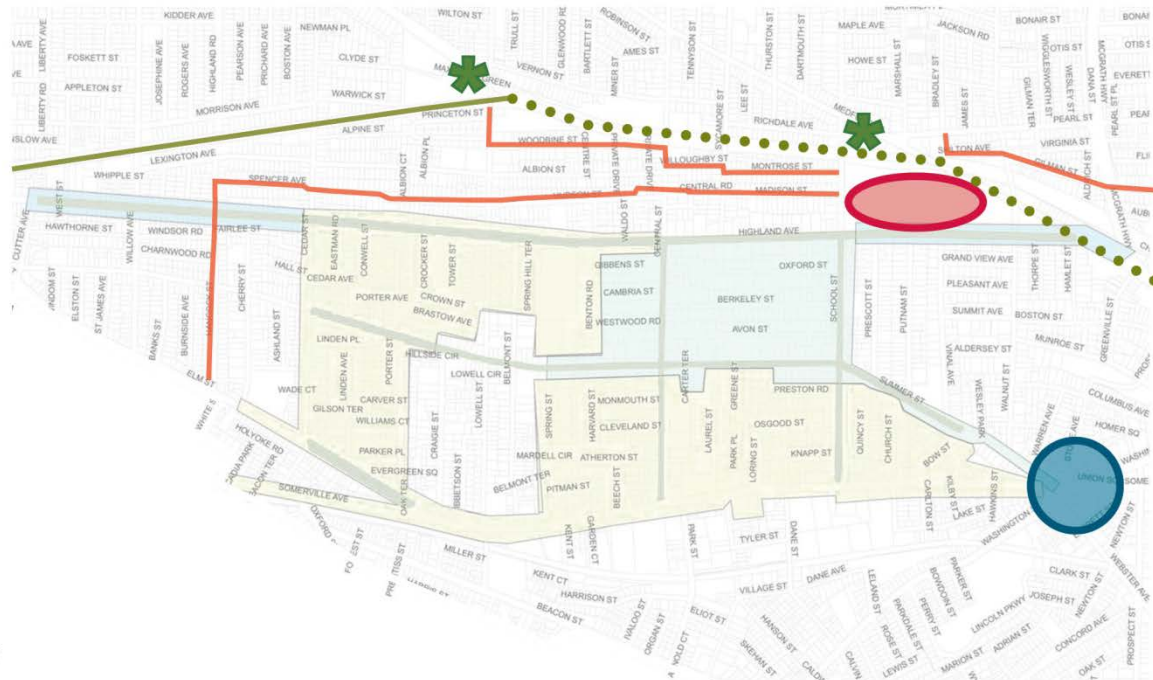
- Urban Forestry guiding principles and goals
 - Proactively manage and expand the City's public tree canopy
 - Harness maximum ecosystem services in order to:
 - reduce and prevent air and water pollution
 - cool temperatures and decrease energy demands
 - support wildlife habitat
 - increase value of businesses and residences
 - contribute to safer streets

Areas of Tree Concentration



Mobility In and Around Spring Hill

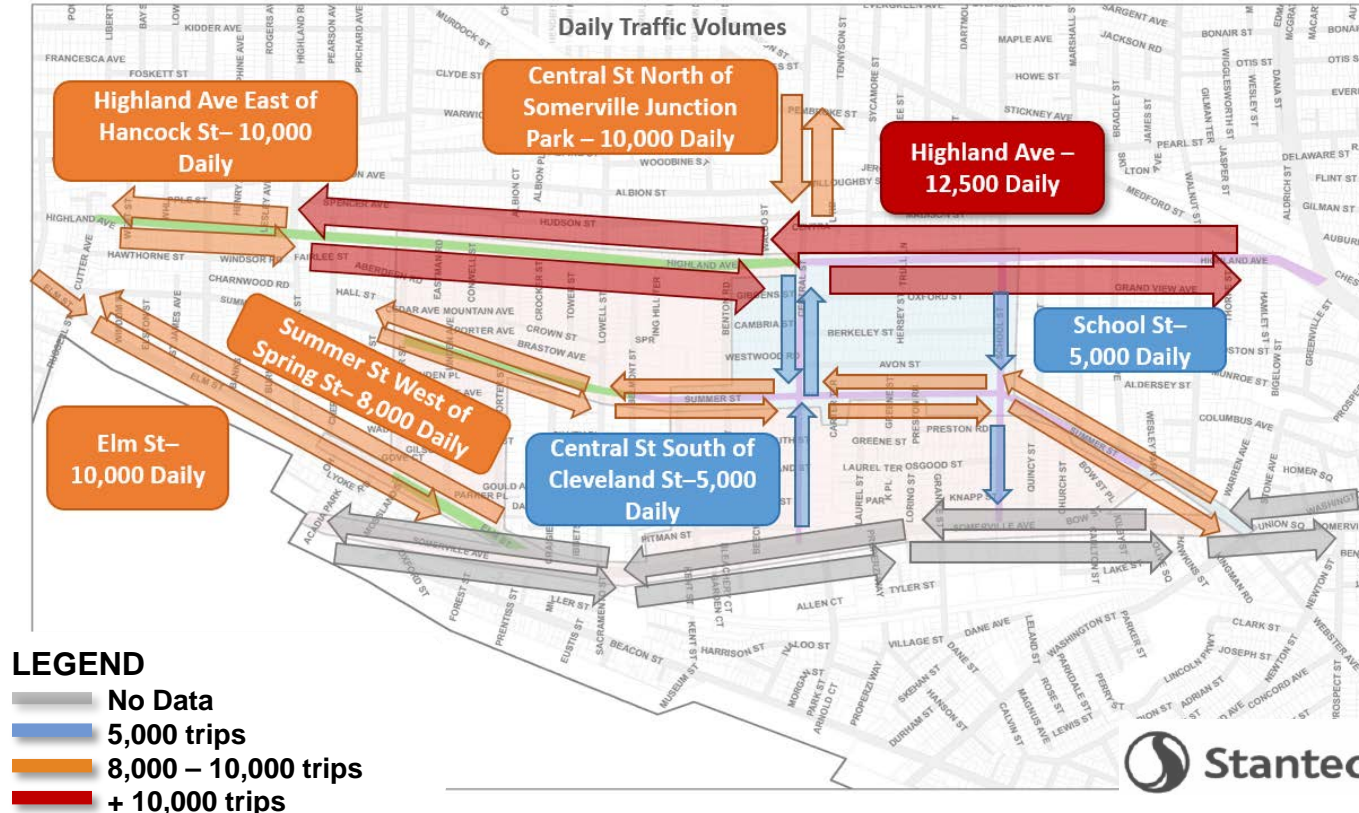
-  **High School/
Central Hill**
-  **Union Square
Plaza**
-  **GLX Stations**
-  **Community
Path Extension**
-  **Community
Path Existing**
-  **Existing
Neighborhoods
Planned to expand/
enhance**



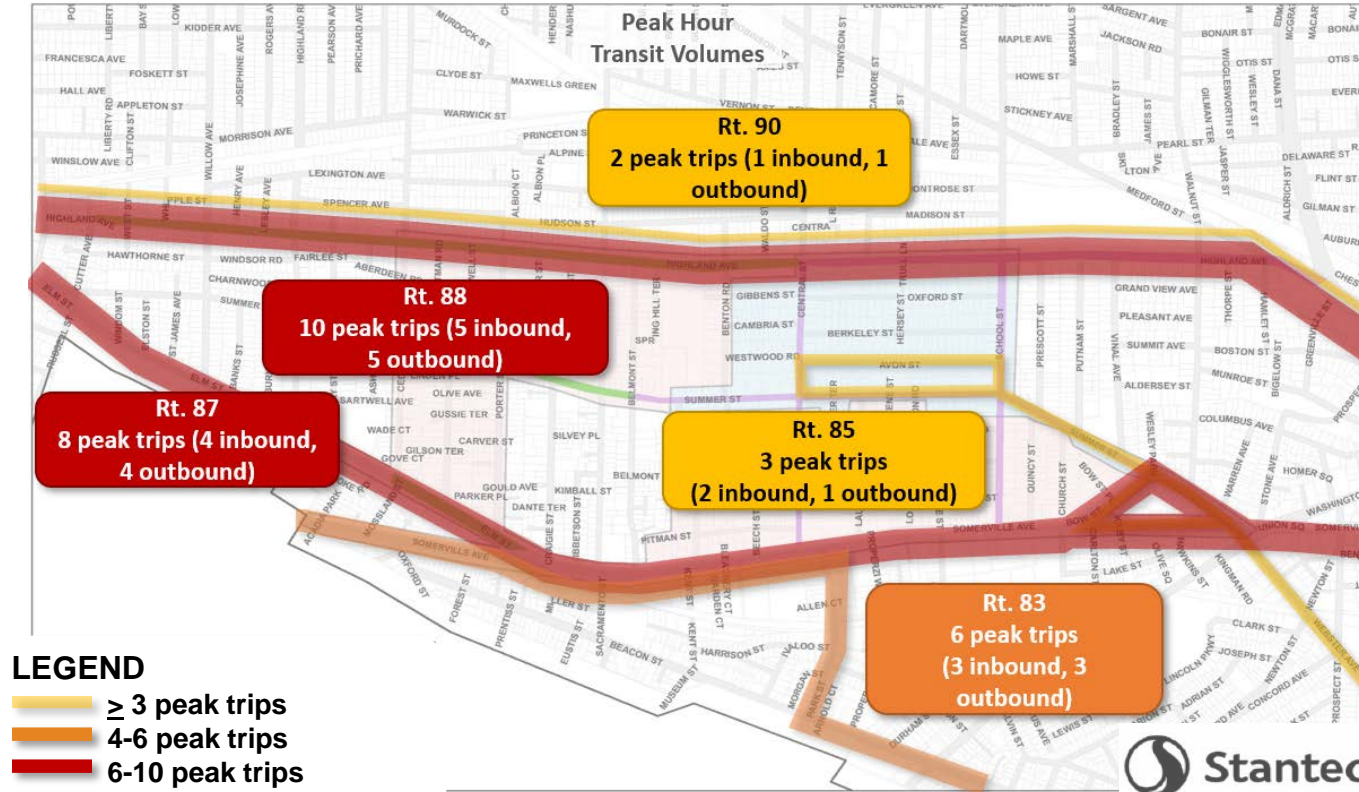
Existing Bike Facilities - *Mobility*



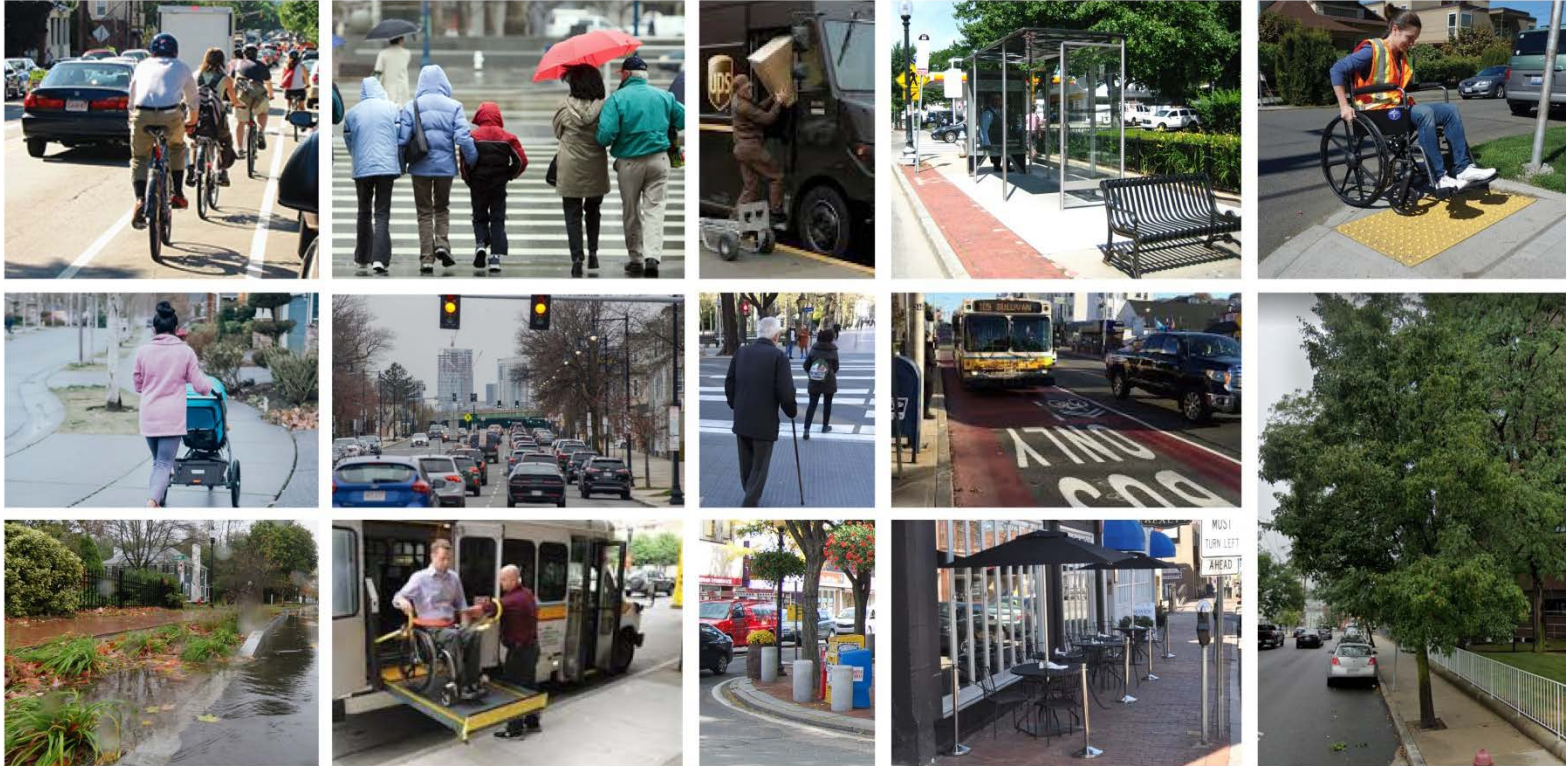
Existing Traffic Volumes - Mobility



Existing Peak Hour Transit Volumes - *Mobility*



Sharing the Road – *Things to Consider*



Sharing the Road – *Things to Consider*

Preferred and Minimum Widths for Sidewalk Zones

The width and design of sidewalks will vary depending on street typology, functional classification, and demand. Below are the City of Boston's preferred and minimum widths for each Sidewalk Zone by Street Type.

Street Type	Frontage Zone		Pedestrian Zone*		Greenscape/ Furnishing Zone		Curb Zone	Total Width	
	Preferred	Minimum	Preferred	Minimum	Preferred	Minimum		Preferred	Minimum
Downtown Commercial	2'	0'	12'	8'	6'	1'-6"	6"	20'-6"	10'
Downtown Mixed-Use	2'	0'	10'	8'	6'	1'-6"	6"	18'-6"	10'
Neighborhood Main	2'	0'	8'	5'	6'	1'-6"	6"	16'-6"	7'
Neighborhood Connector	2'	0'	8'	5' (4)*	5'	1'-6"	6"	15'-6"	7'
Neighborhood Residential	2'	0'	5'	5' (4)*	4'	1'-6"	6"	11'-6"	7'
Industrial Street	2'	0'	5'	5' (4)*	4'	1'-6"	6"	11'-6"	7'
Shared Street	2'	0'	Varies	5' (4)*	N/A	N/A	N/A	Varies	Varies
Parkway	N/A	N/A	6'	5'	10'	5'	6"	16'-6"	10'-6"
Boulevard	2'	0'	6'	5'	10'	5'	6"	18'-6"	11'-6"

Notes

* 5' is the preferred minimum width of the Pedestrian Zone in the City of Boston. The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) minimum 4' wide Pedestrian Zone can be applied using engineering judgement when retrofitting 7' wide existing sidewalks where widening is not feasible.

Minimum Widths for Roadway Lanes

Street Type	FHWA Classification	Bus Lane	Turn Lane	Travel Lane	Bicycle Lane	Parking Lane
Downtown Commercial	Arterial	11'	10'	10'	5'	7'
Downtown Mixed-Use						
Neighborhood Main						
Neighborhood Connector	Collector	N/A	10'	10'	5'	7'
Neighborhood Residential						
Industrial Street						
Shared Street	Local	Local roadways are typically one to two travel lanes, with or without parking, and do not have pavement markings.				
Parkway						
Boulevard						

From Boston Complete Streets Guidelines

Possible Improvements

Bike Improvements

- *Raised cycle track (one- or two-way)*
- *Buffered / parking-protected street-level cycle track (one- or two-way)*
- *“Copenhagen” style half-raised bike lane*

Bus Improvements

- *Transit-friendly lane (minimum 11')*
- *Bus pull-out*
- *In-lane / floating bus stop*

Walking Improvements

- *Curb extensions (bump-outs)*
- *Raised crossings*
- *Crossing island*
- *Multi-use sidewalk*

Traffic Improvements

- *Shared street markings (sharrows)*
- *Curb extensions (bump-outs)*
- *Parking / Travel chicane*

Street Design Elements



Street Design Elements



Street Design Elements



Street Design Elements



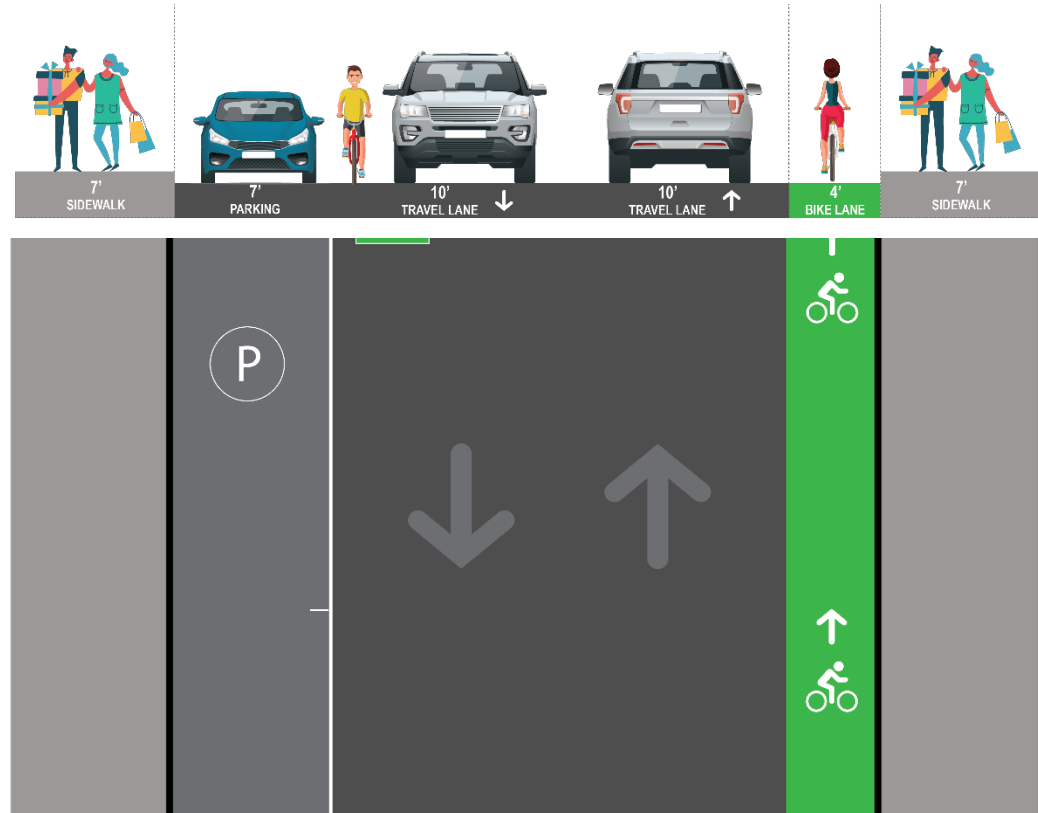
Break Out Activities

Breakout Session

1. Streets needs and wants
 - What isn't working on this street? What improvements could it use?
2. Function of the street
 - To which users is this street oriented? Should it change?
3. Potential street changes
 - Is the current cross-section of this street meeting its desired function? What changes can we make?

Existing Cross Sections

***Summer Street, Belmont
Street to Bow Street***



Questions